Guidelines for BEING a PARENT of a CHILD in our Community

We DO We DON'T

- 1. Work together to identify issues and to find 1. Offer complaints and expect (demand) creative solutions.
- 2. We share unreactive but genuine concern with each other, and with our teachers and administrators. We might say: This is what I hear and observe at home... I'm curious what you see at school?"
- B. View and trust our teachers as resources with cumulative expertise in child development, early adolescence, and education.
- . See the parents in our child's grade level. and across the school, on a unique, and sometimes challenging journey; doing the best they can, and deeply worthy of respect, even if we disagree with their actions.
- 5. When concerned about our child or disappointed, we pause, keep "levelheaded", and reflect before we speak, asking ourselves, "Is what I'm about to say necessary, helpful, kind?"
- 6. Challenge our own perceptions of a situation while seeking advice and expertise of our teachers and administrators to guide us.
- 7. We engage in Active and Reflective Listening together to gain clarity and understanding. "Let me see if I understand what is upsetting to you... You feel... and.... Is that correct?"
- 8. Strive to be generous and open with our hearts and minds, as well as our time.
- 9. Bring good intentions and creativity to relationships with other parents, teachers, and the community. Offer encouragement, appreciation, and gratitude to each other,

- school (teachers, administration, or other ents) to "fix it".
- 2. Insist on facts as shared by one source other parent, or your child that could be n out of context before the story behind a cerning situation develops the full ensions of human interactions.
- 3. See teachers as hired personnel who are doing their job for us and our children whenever they respond to expectations.
- 4. Judge and talk about other parents' behaviors, decisions, or differences and push aside a spirit of inclusivity, creating cliques or rifts in the fabric of our community.
- 5. React by blaming, jumping to conclusions, or making assumptions ineffective, even harmful communication patterns that come out of fear for our children's well-being or anger about a situation.
- 6. Insist that we know what's best or hold to one view or one way forward when our child may be in a developmental leap.
- 7. Listen long enough to make a point or prove others wrong; interrupt; demand, or escalate, while frustrated or worried about our children.
- 8. Be close-minded to new ideas or overly rely on others to step up and make things happen.
- 9. Undervalue genuine encouragement, appreciation, and gratitude throughout the days and weeks of the school year.

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often.	
10. Offer a spirit of compassion and forgiveness; let go of misunderstandings and move on; knowing we are a community that provides safety for the growing, developing or unfolding, of every individual and family.	10. Hold grudges and hang-on to grievances, perpetuating the crippling notion that there is no room for failure or mistakes for ourselves or our children.
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